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# The Courier-Journal.

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LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1907.—10 PAGES.

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**The Weather.**  
Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Kentucky—Rain Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy.  
Indiana—Showers Tuesday; Wednesday fair; fresh variable winds.  
Tennessee—R Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy.

## THE LATEST.

James Hargis, who is accused of complicity in the murder of James Cockrill, went on the witness stand yesterday at Lexington, in the trial of Bill Britton, on the same charge, and denied all the allegations concerning the conspiracy, emphatically protesting the falsity of the story told by John Smith, who confessed to the details of the plot. Curt Jett also testified and assumed all the responsibility for the murder of Cockrill, but did not go into details. He was placed on the stand by the prosecution. The testimony is about all in, the Commonwealth having only a few witnesses to introduce in rebuttal, and the end of the trial is now in sight.

Dolphin M. Delmas and W. H. McPike visited Dr. Charles G. Wagner in Birmingham, N. Y., yesterday and the visit caused a report that an effort would be made to take the Thaw case to Birmingham for its second trial. This was denied by Mr. Jerome and Mr. Hartridge in New York.

Sam Robb Ireland, once a bodyguard for President McKinley, who was run out of France after teaching Frenchmen to play poker, is dead in Washington. He was born in Ashland and his body has been taken there for burial.

James Gilbert, of Murray, swallowed poison with suicidal intent and while under the influence of the drug rode on the blind baggage from Memphis to Fulton, where he was found and taken to a hospital. He died several hours later.

The Rhode Island Republican State Central Committee at a meeting yesterday adopted resolutions endorsing Col. Samuel Pomeroy Colt as the majority candidate of the Republican party for the United States senatorship.

Bourbon county is so overrun with rats that the farmers are planning a day of slaughter when everybody will do nothing but kill rats. Houses have been invaded and every straw pile and hay rick is filled with the rodents.

Benedict Gimbel, the Philadelphia merchant who cut his throat and wrists in a hotel at Hoboken, N. J., after being arrested in New York on a disgraceful charge, died of his injuries at 3 o'clock yesterday morning.

By a majority of at least two thousand votes the citizens of Webster county yesterday decided against open saloons in that county. A fairly light vote was polled and the liquor side was simply swamped.

The Supreme Court of the United States yesterday dismissed the appeal of "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington, under sentence of death at St. Louis for the murder of James P. McCann.

President Roosevelt will leave Washington for his summer home at Oyster Bay on June 12. This is much earlier than has been the practice of the President to leave Washington for the summer.

There is a hitch in the peace negotiations among the Central American Republics due to the fact that Nicaragua wants to hold Honduras liable for damages inflicted during the war.

Thousands of discharged employes from the Woolwich arsenal paraded the streets of London and sent a committee to the House of Commons to state their grievances.

The Governing Committee of the Imperial Bank of Germany will meet today in Berlin and reduce the bank's rate of discount. The rate is now 6 per cent.

A dispatch from Tokyo announces that M. Pak Yong Wha, chief of the Board of Auditors of the Korean Imperial Household, was assassinated at Seoul.

Fifty-three men out of a venire of 100 summoned to try a murder case in St. Louis were excused for expressing their belief in "the unwritten law."

Chief Justice Fuller in the United States Supreme Court yesterday announced that the present term of the court would be closed on May 28.

Assistant United States Attorney Adkins concluded his argument at Washington yesterday in the trial of Binger Hermann.

Secretary Taft and his party returned to Washington last night after an absence of a month in Panama, Cuba and Porto Rico.

Eight hundred men employed at the Larimer, Pa., coke ovens of the United States Steel Corporation went on strike yesterday.

Representative-elect Langley talked with the President yesterday about political affairs in Kentucky.

Matthias St. Innes, one of the most important coal magnates of Germany, is dead at Cologne.

## CLAN LEADER ON THE STAND

James Hargis Denies All Charges Against Him.

Swears Innocence of Any Connection With Murders.

Curt Jett Assumes Full Blame For Crimes.

BRITTON TRIAL NEARLY OVER.

Lexington, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—There was a gasp of surprise here this afternoon when the defense in the Britton trial suddenly announced at the completion of Judge Jim Hargis' testimony, that this completed their evidence. Curt Jett, to whom the defense had ostensibly pointed throughout the trial as the witness with whom they would contradict all of the prosecution's string of evidence, and show that John Smith's whole story had been false, had not been put on the stand. Neither had Tom White, who with Jett had been brought here from the penitentiary and kept in jail through the whole trial, waiting to testify for the defense.

The defense had also not taken advantage of the opportunity which the court had this morning granted them of recalling Alex Hargis to tell why he went on the bonds of Smith and Abner. The defense had evidently decided that Jett was a loaded proposition, liable to go off prematurely and shoot in either direction. The value of the testimony which the defense had expected from him had, however, been lessened by the line of prosecution, which did not hold, as in the former trial, that Britton had fired at Cockrill, but that he was a conspirator who aided in the assassination, and under the law equally guilty as if he had fired the fatal shot.

Prosecution Calls Jett.

The attorneys for the prosecution were evidently astonished at the sudden halt of the defense, but after a short consultation they occasioned almost equal surprise by themselves placing Jett on the stand. In addition the prosecution boldly recalled Alex Hargis and made him give the mysterious answer which the defense had implied would be something sensational if he were allowed to tell it. The question was why he had gone on the bonds of Smith and Abner, and the answer, given, contained nothing material, and consisted of a diatribe on what he called "the persecution of the Hargies."

The prosecution also asked that Ed Callahan be called as a witness, and when he was found not to be present a subpoena was issued for him. The prosecution announced that it would complete its rebuttal evidence in about an hour and a half to-morrow morning.

Hargis Talks Briskly.

Judge Hargis was on the witness stand most of the day, and as it had been shown Saturday that he had been refreshing his memory by reading the record of the former trial, he testified briskly and his evidence varied little from that he gave at the former trial of Britton and in other cases. He said he was forty-four years old and had lived all his life in Breathitt. After telling of the attempt of the Cockrills to arrest him and his resisting with a shotgun, which was taken from him by the Rev. Mr. Hiner, he broadly denied all the conspiracy charges and said he was taking his usual noon nap when awakened by the shots that killed Cockrill. He said that the reason he went on the bonds of Smith and Abner was that he knew he was innocent of killing Cockrill, and as these men had been charged with him of the murder he wanted to help them out. He said that he spent money in defending Curt Jett because he was his "sister's son" and she had asked him to help.

Asks Pardon of Jett.

He was not permitted to answer why he was assisting in the defense of the Britton trial. The prosecution wrenched from Judge Hargis the admission that his attorney, Judge Bach, had caused a warrant to be sworn out against him, his brother Elbert and Callahan for Cockrill's murder, presumably with a view to keeping the case in Breathitt county. He denied asking Gov. Beckham to pardon Jett, but admitted signing a petition for Jett's pardon. The court did not permit Alex Hargis to answer this question.

Jett Sullen In Court.

Curt Jett, who is now under two life sentences, respectively, for the murders of Cockrill and Marcum, displayed a sullen indifference when led to the stand in his convict's clothes. The Commonwealth elicited from him a damaging admission against Britton, when he refused, although ordered by the court to do so, to answer the question if Britton was in Cox Hargis' house the night Dr. Cox was killed. The defense fought nearly every question with objections.

Jett stated that he was the only per-

son at the window of the courthouse from which Cockrill was shot. Owing to the continual objections of the defendants' counsel, little progress was made in Jett's examination and he will be placed on the stand again to-morrow. At the conclusion of the prosecution's rebuttal evidence to-morrow morning the defense will probably take some time in surrebuttal before the instructions are given when the speeches begin. The speeches are, however, expected to begin to-morrow afternoon unless the court takes up the afternoon in the preparation of instructions.

Elbert Hargis On Stand.

When court opened this morning Elbert Hargis was placed on the stand, and his cross-examination taken up where it was left off Saturday. Before the examination began, however, Judge Parker stated that he had reconsidered his decision made Saturday not to permit Alex Hargis to testify why he went on the bond of John Abner and others, and that the defense could recall Hargis at any time during the trial and have him answer the question.

Elbert Hargis, under cross-examination, said he was at Judge Hargis' the night Dr. Cox was killed, but could not state whether Bill Britton was there or not. The defense objected to the question, and Col. Allen stated that the witness had said at a former trial that Britton was there, and that he had

(Continued On 3d Page, 5th Column.)

## BOURBON COUNTY OVERRUN BY RATS

FARMERS FIND THOUSANDS IN STRAW RICKS.

DAY MAY BE SET ASIDE FOR GENERAL WARFARE.

TWO LITTERS OF PIGS KILLED.

Paris, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Paris and Bourbon county are being invaded by an army of rats, and the question of how to get rid of them is being regarded as a very serious problem, especially in the county. Wonderful stories are being told of their devastating work. William Layson, a prominent farmer of the Millersburg precinct, had two litters of pigs, of nine each, almost entirely devoured by rats a few days ago, in an old straw rick. Ed Conway, a tenant residing on the same farm, killed ninety-seven rats, while cleaning out a stable. James Humphrey, another tenant, killed fifty-eight in and around his coal house.

Farmers claim that big straw ricks and fodder shocks have been full of the rodents all winter. It is no uncommon sight to see from five to ten rush out every time a fodder shock is moved. Farmers are contemplating setting apart a special day to be devoted to an effort to clear the rodents from their places. In the city the rats have overrun house after house, and in some instances have literally besieged pantries, milk closets and every place where they could gain an entrance.

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## WILL IT BACK THE PRESIDENT?

Question For Railroad Commission Convention.

Must Say How State Stands, Or Dodge.

Important Problems For Delegates At Mt. Sterling.

WILLSONSEEKS INDORSEMENT

Mt. Sterling, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Two important questions are to be presented to the Republican convention which meets here Wednesday ostensibly for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Railroad Commissioner in the Third district. These two questions are of paramount importance and completely overshadow the real object of the convention. Nominally, all the convention will have to do is nominate a candidate, but, as A. T. Siler's will be the only name seriously presented to the convention, this programme should take only fifteen minutes, even allowing five minutes for Mr. Siler to tell the people how grateful he is for the honor.

Will the first Republican convention held in Kentucky since the recent disturbances at Washington, in which the President has been what might be termed tumultuously, approve the acts of Mr. Roosevelt and say to him that he can count confidently on Kentucky to stand behind any programme he cares or sees fit to plan? This is one question.

Second to it comes this one, which is also a stumper: Will this same Republican convention, wake into life the Kentucky situation by endorsing a candidate for Governor?

Up To Convention.

Both these questions will be passed up to the convention straight and square, else there'll be some artful dodging. The delegates will be asked to say what they want, or rather a few leaders will try to have them say what the leaders want. As the leaders are not quite agreed in their own minds just what they want to do or where they stand, the situation at the convention may be somewhat interesting. The Republicans have not been holding primaries or conventions lately, and so have had no opportunity to tell the Grand Mogul in Washington what they will do for him. The campaign for the Governor's nomination has been opened for several weeks, but has moved with sluggish and dilatory steps, rather indifferent, waiting for something to turn up. It may turn up Wednesday, and there may be something real and lively doing, as was presaged by the county conventions held in several places last Saturday.

Big Stick To Wave.

The Big Stick will wave in Kentucky during the next few weeks during the interim before the State convention of the Republicans, and the first and preliminary wave is to be pulled off Wednesday. The President has a fight on his hands. He wants to control the next national convention. His enemies say he wants the nomination himself. Others say that he wants to nominate Mr. Taft. At any rate it is generally conceded that he wants to have his friends present in that convention as delegates and wants to be able to say to them who will be the nominee of the party for his successor. Yet Kentucky has another near neighbor in Mr. Fairbanks who wants Kentucky's support.

In looking about the President casts his eyes on Kentucky and wants Kentucky to stand with him and for him. He will use, according to advices from Washington, the Big Stick, with it pounding over the heads sundry and divers persons, occupants for the time being, of Federal positions, to force them to line up on his hands. He wants to control the mandate has gone forth, whispered, but sounding like thunder to certain persons, that the occupants of post-offices and customhouses will be expected to vote and work for the Roosevelt programme.

Ernst In Line.

Richard P. Ernst has fallen into line and is doing the business for the President. At a general gathering of Republicans in Covington and another in Newport, the ballistics of Mr. Ernst, last Saturday, when delegates were selected to the district convention at Mt. Sterling, Mr. Ernst, the same being on one of the resolutions committees, reported in favor of endorsing the President and approving anything he might do. This was adopted with a whoop, the delegates either being in a complaisant mood or really favoring the occupant of the presidential chair.

Mr. Ernst, presumably, will be at Mt. Sterling Wednesday. Also other men who either have axes to grind or who will be little opposition to an endorsement of Mr. Roosevelt, and those delegates who may favor their neighbor, Vice President Fairbanks, or who are so foolish as to have ideas of their own in the next presidential contest, will be sat upon hard and will be given

little chance to say what they want to say, or even what they think about it all.

Willson To Be Present.

The presence of Augustus E. Willson, an avowed candidate for Governor, and thus far the only one who has been brave enough to say that he wants the place, means that he is seeking the endorsement of his candidacy by the convention. Mr. Willson has announced that he will attend the convention, and that he will make a speech. The endorsement by this convention, in itself, means little, but the moral effect on the other Republicans in the State will be great. To get the first Republican convention held in the State to officially approve him means much to Mr. Willson, and his friends will be on hand in Mt. Sterling to-morrow and Wednesday to help him corral enough votes to approve the resolutions which will be offered. If the convention is silent, it will be a hard blow to Mr. Willson and his friends.

These two fights will make the convention interesting, and will draw the eyes of Republicans from all over the State to Mt. Sterling on Wednesday. It is believed that Mr. Roosevelt will watch the convention, for he is said to be much interested in what will take place there.

A. R. DUNLAP.

## SHORTAGE MAY REACH QUARTER OF MILLION

W. C. DOUGLASS SAID TO HAVE MADE CONFESSION.

PORTION OF MISSING BONDS FOUND BY OFFICERS.

RUMORS OF OTHER ARRESTS.

New York, April 22.—A portion of the bonds alleged to have been taken from the Trust Company of America by William C. Douglass, who is under arrest on a charge of larceny, were recovered to-day in an apartment in the Manhattan Club, according to Oakleigh Thorne, president of the Trust Company of America.

It was stated this afternoon that Mrs. Douglass had disappeared, and her friends became exercised over her absence. She was found to-night, however, at the home of her parents in Brooklyn.

There were rumors of possible additional arrests to-night, but the detective bureau denied that they had taken any action.

The shortage of the accounts of Douglass may reach a quarter of a million dollars.

Douglass is said to have confessed to Oakleigh Thorne, president of the trust company, at the time of his arrest, that he had made away with \$50,000 in bonds, and to-day it was reported that he had made a written confession to Mr. Thorne in which he admitted that the total value of bonds taken by him would reach \$200,000. The bonds are said to have been turned over to a Wall-street broker who is believed to have acted for Douglass in good faith.

## TAUGHT FRENCHMEN HOW TO PLAY POKER

SAM ROBB IRELAND DRIVEN OUT OF FRANCE.

KENTUCKIAN WITH HISTORY DIES IN WASHINGTON.

ONCE MCKINLEY'S BODYGUARD.

Ashland, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Sam Robb Ireland is dead, and around his memory hangs the story of a career such as few men live through even to the age of thirty-five years. Sam Robb Ireland, son of the late Judge W. C. Ireland, of this city, was several years ago through his ardent desire for adventure and his magnificent physique and fine mind, appointed to the body guard of President McKinley, and was the first man to capture Czolgosz, the assassin of the third of the country's martyred Chief Executives.

The news of his death, at his home in Washington, came suddenly to his friends and relatives in this city, and now stories are being told of his career. It was this man who originated the unique campaign button "Sixteen to One" representing the sixteen petted daisy with yellow center, and it was he who was forced to leave France while in the United States secret service, on a charge of trimming the Frenchmen, after having taught them how to play poker. This affair at the time almost started international difficulties, but was settled by the powers behind the throne in some manner.

He was a lawyer and possessed of one of the most brilliant as well as humorous minds in Northern Kentucky. The body of Mr. Ireland will be brought here to-morrow for burial by the side of his parents, who sleep in Ashland cemetery. The funeral will take place Thursday.

## GIMBEL DIES OF HIS WOUNDS

Life Sustained In Last Hours By Stimulants.

Members of His Family Devoted In Attention.

They Believed the Millionaire Merchant Was Insane.

BODY SENT TO PHILADELPHIA.

New York, April 22.—The body of Benedict Gimbel, the Philadelphia merchant who died in St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, was taken to Philadelphia this afternoon.

The coroner was called to the hospital, but as the case was plain, a certificate of death giving suicide as the cause was given and the body turned over to the family.

Gimbel, who cut his throat and wrists with broken glass in a hotel in Hoboken, soon after he had been arrested on serious charges in this city, died shortly before 3 o'clock this morning. His wife was at his bedside, as were also his two brothers—who came here at once on receiving word of his trouble—one from Milwaukee, Wis., the other from Philadelphia.

The arrest of Gimbel caused great surprise. Thursday afternoon he was taken from a cab in this city while in company with Ivor Clark, a sixteen-year-old boy, by two detectives, who acted on the complaint of Clark's parents.

Attempt To Bribe.

Gimbel, according to the detectives, resorted to an attempt at bribery and offered the detectives \$2,000 if they would release him. The detectives apparently consented and demanding cash, were driven with Gimbel to his banker's office here and given \$2,000. They then informed Gimbel that the additional charges of attempted bribery would be placed against him and took him to the District Attorney's office, where, it is alleged, Gimbel, who keenly felt his position, offered Assistant District Attorney Krotel any amount of money to gain his release.

Later Gimbel was released on heavy bail and started ostensibly for his home in Philadelphia. He never reached there, but instead he went to the Palace Hotel in Hoboken and there with jagged glass, obtained from a water pitcher which he broke, he cut his throat in many places, and gashed his wrist.

He was discovered several hours afterward almost dead from the loss of blood. At St. Mary's Hospital, to which place he was removed Friday night, it was thought for a time that his life might be saved, but Sunday he began suddenly to fall and late last night hope was abandoned.

Family Believed He Was Insane.

Gimbel's wife and two brothers, who have shown confidence and devotion to the husband and brother, went to his bedside late Friday night and have remained near him ever since. In a statement the family notified the public that Benedict Gimbel had been ill for some weeks and the result of overwork and that this had undoubtedly dethroned his mind.

That the mental strain under which Gimbel labored because of his arrest was one of the important contributions of his failure to recover from his wound is the opinion of Dr. Jurist, the family physician, who came from Philadelphia to attend him. It was only by the constant use of stimulants that the patient was kept alive Sunday, the doctor said. Mr. Gimbel's evident desire to die, even after the arrival of the members of his family, who vainly did their best to encourage him to live and fight for his liberty, also operated greatly to the disadvantage of the doctors who were striving to save his life. Mrs. Gimbel had rooms at the hospital, where she could be called at a moment's notice, and was almost constantly at his bedside endeavoring to overcome his desire to be relieved of his troubles by death.

Members of the family had a strong hope that if Mr. Gimbel recovered the charge against him would be overcome by the plea of insanity and that he had engaged Mr. Shields, of Philadelphia, to assist Daniel O'Reilly, of this city, as counsel to fight the case. They had planned to send Mr. Gimbel to an asylum if they were successful in court.

His Brother's Devotion.

It became evident before midnight that Gimbel could not live unless heroic treatment was attempted. Oxygen was administered to him all yesterday afternoon and late into the night. He failed to respond to this treatment and Charles Gimbel then suggested that, as a last resort, his blood be infused into the veins of his brother. While the physicians could hold out little hope even with this infusion of blood to strengthen the patient, it was determined to try it as a last resort.

However, it is said Gimbel did not revive sufficiently after midnight to test the experiment. Early this morning he became unconscious and expired.

## TERRORISTS KILL AND ROB AT LODZ.

Lodz, April 22.—Thirty terrorists armed with pistols held up a carriage this evening in which a portion of the funds from the Government sale of spirits and liquor was being transferred to the

bank. The carriage was supported by soldiers. The terrorists threw a bomb which destroyed the vehicle, killed three of the soldiers outright and mortally wounded five more as well as the chairman and a Government employee, who had the money in charge. They secured \$2,000 and escaped.

## RHODE ISLAND DEADLOCK MAY BE BROKEN TO-DAY.

Republican State Central Committee Meets and Indorses Col. Samuel Colt.

Providence, R. I., April 22.—After thirteen weeks of deadlock, during which time fifty-six ballots have been cast for a United States Senator to succeed George Peabody Wetmore, the Republican State Central Committee to-day declared in favor of Col. Samuel Pomeroy Colt, of Bristol, and urged that all Republican members of the General Assembly cast their votes for the man who, throughout the deadlock, has polled the majority of the party votes. While the action of the State Central Committee is not binding upon the members of the General Assembly, it is believed that the end of the deadlock will come to-morrow and that Col. Colt will be elected. The vote of the committee favoring Col. Colt's election was 9 to 4.

The Republicans have sixty-nine votes in the Joint Assembly against forty-one Democrats.

## BARRINGTON'S LAST HOPE HAS VANISHED

MUST DIE FOR THE MURDER OF JAMES P. MCCANN.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT DISMISSES APPEAL.

THE PRISONER DEPRESSED.

Washington April 22.—In an opinion by Chief Justice Fuller, the Supreme Court of the United States to-day dismissed the criminal case of Frederick Seymour Barrington, alias "Lord" Barrington, under sentence of death in St. Louis on the charge of murdering James P. McCann in the outskirts of that city in June, 1903, in effect affirming the decision of the Supreme Court of Missouri, and thus sustaining the verdict of guilty returned by the third court. When the Missouri Supreme Court decided against him, he brought the case to the Federal Supreme Court on a writ of error, contending that his trial had not been fair.

BARRINGTON DEPRESSED.

Sees Nothing Left But Fixing Date of Execution.

St. Louis, April 22.—When the information concerning the United States Supreme Court's decision, sustaining the verdict of guilty of the murder of James P. McCann, rendered by the trial court, was conveyed to-day to "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington, who is confined in the county jail at Clayton, Barrington was apparently greatly depressed, but endeavored to conceal his feelings.

## COURTS TO DECIDE OWENSBORO ELECTION

DRY FORCES CONTENT COUNTY AS WHOLE RULES.

MAJORITY IN DAVIES AGAINST THE SALOONS.

LAW READS AMBIGUOUSLY.

Owensboro, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—In spite of the majority of 442 against prohibition in the city of Owensboro, there is a question in some quarters as to whether Owensboro went "wet" or "dry" in Saturday's local option election. It was generally understood to-day, and specifically stated by some of their numbers, that the Prohibition people will make an attempt to have the court hold that the licensing of saloons in Owensboro is prohibited by the result of the election in the county as a whole.

The county as a whole went "dry" by over 1,500 votes. The contention will be based primarily on a single sentence of the County Unit law, or, generally speaking, on the rather ambiguous nature of this amendatory act of the Legislature of 1906—"when an election is held in an entire county and a majority of the legal votes cast at said election are against the sale of intoxicating liquors, then it shall not be lawful to sell, barter or loan such liquors in any portion of the county." This is the portion of the law on which the Prohibitionists will principally rest their case.

Victory For Conservatives.

Madrid, April 22.—The returns from the elections of members of the Chamber of Deputies held yesterday are all in, and show a sweeping victory for the Conservatives. Out of a total of 404 seats in the Chamber, Conservatives have been elected to 260; the Liberals gained sixty-three, the Republicans and Catalanists fifty, and other political groups thirty-one seats.

## WARM RECEPTION IN PROSPECT

Labor Committee Soon To Call At White House.

Will Ask the President For An Explanation.

Prize Junket of the Congressional Recess.

LANGLEY SEES ROOSEVELT.

Washington, April 22.—[Special.]—The committee appointed by the New York Central Federated Union to come to Washington and ask the President for an explanation of his remarks in the Sherman letter as to Hayward and Moyer being undesirable citizens, is expected here any day and will probably get a warm reception from the President. The union some time ago wrote to the President asking him to make a public retraction, but did not even get one of the White House stereotyped acknowledgments of receipt. At the meeting yesterday some pretty tart things were said about the President. The chairman asked the members whether in their judgment the committee should consist of one man. At this one of the delegates injected: "No, sir! The President has been in the habit of calling people liars and if this committee consists of more than one man the public is not likely to think that all of them are liars."

White Clerks May Resign.

Should any of the white clerks in the office of the Auditor of the Navy Department, shortly to be filled by Ralph Tyler, the Ohio negro, desire, to avoid embarrassment their resignations will be accepted. This is the statement made to-day in regard to the dissatisfaction prevalent among employes of the office who do not want to serve under the Ohio man. It is announced that no applicants for transfers to other offices will be considered by the department. The only alternative is a transfer to private life. It is stated that the President in giving this choice offer to Tyler recalled that the same position was filled in Harrison's administration by a negro-former Congressman Lynch, of Mississippi.

A Junket To Europe.

Preliminary arrangements were made to-day at the meeting of the Immigration Commission for the prize junket of the Congressional recess. A subcommittee consisting of about six members and as many secretaries and attendants will leave next month and at Government expense tour Europe and perhaps go as far as Australia. Representative Burnett, of Alabama, who was designated by Speaker Cannon, will be one of the party. Judge Burnett was here to







# THINK!

Think of the number of typewriters that seemed popular a few years ago.

Think of the different ones seeking public favor to-day.

Then think of the Remington, which has been the standard since typewriters were invented, and which maintains its supremacy solely through enduring merit.

The man who seeks experience may seek it anywhere, but the man who feeds experience buys the

## Remington

Have you tried the new Remington escape? It will be a revelation to you of the latest and best in typewriter achievement.

Remington Typewriter Company  
(Incorporated)  
246 4th ave., Louisville, Ky.

### ROOSEVELT LEAGUE MUST AMEND ARTICLES.

Incorporation Denied In New York By Justice Bischoff Because of Objectionable Features.

New York, April 22.—The application of Bela Tokaid and others, of this city, for a certificate of incorporation of the National Roosevelt League was denied to-day by Justice Bischoff in the Supreme Court. The principal object of the proposed organization was "to aid in securing by all parties and citizens of all parties, irrespective of political affiliations, the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt to succeed himself as President of the United States."

### LOCAL OPTION FORCES SWEEP WEBSTER COUNTY.

Citizens Vote Out Saloons By Majority Which Will Reach Nearly 2,000.

Seabree, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—A prohibition election under the county unit law was held in this (Webster) county, to-day, the polls being opened in every precinct in the county. According to estimates which have been received from election officers in fifteen precincts, the vote stands 2,372 dry to the wet. The two precincts yet to be heard from will increase the dry majority to not less than 2,000. About 75 per cent. of a full vote was cast.

### FOUR JURORS SECURED FOR TRIAL OF BOSS RUEF.

Hoped To Begin Taking of Testimony In Extortion Case By Next Monday.

San Francisco, April 22.—The first four of the twelve jurors who will try Abraham Ruef on the charge of extorting large sums of money from the French restaurants of San Francisco under the alleged threat, as political boss, to deprive them of their liquor licenses, were secured to-day and seen in. The rest of the probationary panel were peremptorily challenged. As only two names remained to-day addition to the list, to-morrow will likely see the issuing of a second special venire. It is hoped to complete the jury by the end of the week and to begin the taking of testimony not later than Monday.

### Oklahoma Con. Con. Adjourns.

Guthrie, Okla., April 22.—The Constitutional Convention to-day adjourned until August 5, or at the call of the President.

The election ordinance was adopted to-day, a subdivision of counties (called) and Clerks and Judges for each county ordered. President Murray was

### NINE NEGRO PRISONERS WILL BE FED MOLASSES.

Test To Be Made By Louisiana Health Board of Product Willey Barred.

New Orleans, April 22.—Announcement was made to-night that nine negro inmates of the parish jail will be used by the State Board of Health in a five-weeks' test to learn whether sugar molasses as it has been manufactured in Louisiana for many years is injurious to health. Sulphuric acid is used in the Louisiana process, and the use of this chemical was recently stopped under an interpretation of the pure food law. The experiment will consist of feeding the negroes plenty of molasses and making blood tests.

### JAN BARTULA CREATES ANOTHER SENSATION.

Hazleton, Pa., April 22.—Jan Bartula, who told the police officers at Newark, N. J., last week that he was a member of a band of anarchists, with headquarters at Hazleton, who were plotting to kill President Roosevelt, came here to-day and went to Anderson, his former home, where he shot at the service house, a mine foreman in the Charles Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company. The bullet struck Krause's watch and he escaped unhurt. Bartula was taken into custody. It is believed he is demented.

### MORE INDICTMENTS IN LOTTERY CASES.

Mobile, Ala., April 22.—Eight more indictments have been found by the United States grand jury investigating the operations of the Honduras National Lottery Company. The names of the defendants will be divulged on Wednesday, according to United States District Attorney Armbricht, at which time the jury will have concluded its investigation in this city. The Wilmington, Del., grand jury, to be impaneled immediately is to take up the indicted here being subject to indictment by the Wilmington jury.

### NOTED REVENUE OFFICER TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

Nashville, Tenn., April 22.—Deputy Revenue Collector E. E. Bell committed suicide at a hotel in this city last night by taking morphine. No cause is known for the deed. He had been in the revenue service for many years. He was a terror to the moonshiners in the Tennessee mountains.

### William Moenkhaus Dead.

Jasper, Ind., April 22.—[Special.]—William Moenkhaus, aged seventy-eight years, one of the pioneer settlers of this county, and father of ex-Congressman Charles Moenkhaus, of this (Dubois) county, died at his home in the city of Huntington yesterday. He was one of the best-known citizens of this county.

## Shoe Quality

Shoes made to meet a price are limited in quality and workmanship. No limits are placed upon



either in quality of materials, skill of the craftsman or the good taste of the designers.

The price represents money's worth in actual wearing value, while the "price-made" shoe tells you just how much the real value is limited.

See The Stetson Shoe and judge for yourself.

Full lines—all styles—all lasts.

Ask your dealers for the Stetson Shoe.

## WILD WITH DRUG

### Young Man Found Riding Blind Baggage.

DIES SOON AFTER BEING TAKEN FROM TRAIN.

ENDS LIFE BECAUSE OF ILL HEALTH AND GRIEF.

BODY REMOVED TO MURRAY.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Riding the blind baggage from Memphis to Fulton in the delirium caused by a drug he swallowed, suicidal James Gilbert, nineteen years old, son of William Gilbert, the most prominent tobacco man at Murray, was rescued by the crew, who considered him drunk, and taken into a day coach, where he smashed the windows and required the efforts of a half dozen men to hold him down. He was taken from the train at Fulton and died yesterday afternoon.

In the meantime his brother, Noah Gilbert, of Murray, to whom he had written regarding the disposition of his body, was on his way to Memphis in response to the letter, and was notified of the affair at Fulton.

The body was taken to Murray last night. The young man was on his way to Denver, Col., for his health when he swallowed a half-ounce of bromidia. He was sick and despondent in the Louisiana process, and the use of this chemical was recently stopped under an interpretation of the pure food law.

### WARM FIGHT IN PADUCAH.

City Primary Arouses Strong Personal Feeling.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Politics is sizzling in Paducah, the Democratic majority fight warming up as the primary of May 2 approaches. The bitter struggle is between former Mayor Charles Reed, representing the administration, with the power of the police and fire departments behind him, and City Attorney Tom Harrison, with the backing of the county machine. Richard Davis is an independent candidate, and Col. Joseph E. Foster is running on a municipal ownership platform.

### ESTATE TO GRANDCHILDREN.

\$100,000 Left In Trust By Mrs. Susan Williams.

Versailles, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—The will of the late Mrs. Susan Williams, disposing of an estate worth more than \$100,000, was probated to-day in the Woodford County Court. The estate, with the exception of a few minor bequests, is devised, in trust, to Mrs. Williams' five grandchildren, Misses Lucie, Elizabeth and Vernice May Rogers, Jackson Williams Rogers and John Williams Rogers, and is to be paid to their descendants. It is provided that if all the devisees should die without descendants, then the entire estate is to go to their deaths to the Cleveland Orphan Institution of this city.

### KILLED WITH AX.

Fatal Fight Between Farmers In Pulaski County.

Somerset, Ky., April 22.—At Walsboro, a few miles south of Somerset, a farmer was killed by the blow of an ax in the hands of his neighbor, John Goggin. Some stock belonging to the deceased had been getting on the farm of Goggin, and in a conversation with reference to the matter some hot words were said when it is reported, Goggin started at Goggin with an open knife.

### TO CLOSE POOLROOM.

Five Men Killed In Place In Only Few Months.

Sturgis, Ky., April 22.—After the sensational duel between Harris Springer and William Gooch, which resulted in the death of both men, the pool room in the billiard room of William Holdman last Friday evening, the City Council took steps to have the pool room closed. The license fee to holdman would quit the business. Holdman agreed to the proposition.

### CHARGES BRUTAL CRIME.

Man Accused of Beating To Death Little Girl.

Munfordville, Ky., April 22.—Albert Starnan, a farmer, aged twenty-five years, who lives in the northern part of Hart county, was brought here to-day by a Deputy Sheriff on a charge of beating his four-year-old stepdaughter to death.

### TANDY MARTIN CONVICTED.

Defended By Floyd Byrd and Prosecuted By Will Young.

Jackson, Ky., April 22.—Tandy Martin, formerly a prominent politician of Knott county, was taken through here to-day by a Deputy Sheriff on a charge of county en route to the penitentiary at Frankfort. Martin is under sentence to serve ten years for the killing of John Ambury. The trial of Martin was a hard-fought legal battle. He was defended by Floyd Byrd and prosecuted by W. A. Young, both prominent as opposing counsel in the notorious Hargis case.

### Federal Court Busy.

Richmond, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—The April term of the United States Court convened at 2 o'clock this afternoon, with the heaviest docket for several terms. Much business comes from condemnation proceedings instituted by the Government for land along the Kentucky river for the building of locks and dams, and also from damages suits against the Government, instituted by property owners along the river, who have been injured by the

## CLAN LEADER ON THE STAND

(Continued From First Page.)

a right to test the credibility of the witness. The court permitted the question on the ground that it could be used to contradict the witness, but that it should have no weight against Britton.

### Hold On Serious Charge.

Paris, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—In Judge Dandridge court B. R. Witt, a freed slave, with detaining a woman against her will, waived examining trial and was held in \$1,000 bond to answer at his home in Paris, Ky., on the charge of kidnapping. Witt is fifty years old, a respected farmer and bitterly denies the charge. The woman, who was brought out by Salie Collins, aged seventeen, daughter of George Collins, residing on the Winchester pike.

### Tobacco Plants Ruined.

Versailles, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Tobacco growers from various portions of the county were here to-day attending court reported a very heavy loss of tobacco plants from the recent frost. The frost, which was in the groves are plowing up their plant beds and resowing them with tobacco. It is estimated that there will be a serious shortage of plants at setting time.

### Pneumonia Causes Death.

Georgetown, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Mrs. Eliza Coates, aged seventy-nine years, died to-day at the home of her son, Mr. J. H. Wilson, of Georgetown. An attack of pneumonia resulted fatally. She is survived by her husband, George, and her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Wilson, of Georgetown.

### Primary By Republicans.

Albany, Ky., April 22.—The primary to nominate a Republican candidate to represent Clinton and Wayne counties in the Legislature will be held Saturday, May 4. It is Clinton's time to name the candidate, and it is Albany, the only candidate, who is the only candidate.

### Gets Good Place As Manager.

Sparta, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—A. E. Kelly, for many years proprietor of the Sparta Hotel, has just been selected as manager of the new Hotel McCreary at Hinton, Va. The new hotel is one of the largest in West Virginia, located at the mouth of New River. It will open for business about June 1.

### Russian Dies In Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—S. Urdang, aged sixty-four years, formerly of Louisville, died here to-day at the home of his son-in-law, Robert Urdang, of Frankfort. The body will be taken to Louisville to-morrow for interment. The deceased came to this country from Russia five years ago.

### Candidate For Representative.

Cloverport, Ky., April 22.—S. H. McCracken, of this city, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative. Mr. McCracken is a member of the county board of health and is manager of the paint department of the railroad machine shops here.

### Fire At Brookport.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Three cottages, belonging to Edward Askeew, George Metcalf and Thomas Johnson, were burned here last night at Brookport, Ill., entailing a loss of \$5,000. The fire originated in the kitchen stove while the family was away.

### Young Man Paralyzed.

Hopkinsville, Ky., April 22.—Charles H. Nash, Jr., well-known young pharmacist of this city, and son of the Rev. C. H. Nash, of Temple, Tex., formerly of this city, was paralyzed here, suffering a paralytic stroke, his entire body being involved.

### Inspector's Skull Fractured.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—While loading logs at his sawmill near Viola, Graves county, J. B. Warford, local inspector for the railroad, was struck on the head with a flying grapple hook and his skull fractured. His life is despaired of.

### Boilermakers Want Raise.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Boilermakers in the city are asking for an increase from thirty-four to forty cents an hour and a committee has been appointed to meet the railroad officials.

### Now Has Clear Field.

Liberty, Ky., April 22.—[Special.]—Capt. Ed. Pelly, of Dunville, to-day withdrew from the race for the Republican nomination for Representative from Boone and Cass counties, leaving R. S. Rector a clear field.

### Denies He Is Dead.

Uniontown, Ky., April 22.—Victor L. Spaulding, former editor of the Uniontown Telegram, and now in Lawton, Okla., wires a denial of the report that he had died. He read his obituary in a Sturgis paper.

### FIRE IN TUNNEL CAUSES BIG CAVE-IN.

Two Kentuckians Injured In Crash On L. and N. Near Knoxville.

Knockville, Tenn., April 22.—A portion of the Copper Ridge tunnel on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, seventeen miles north of this city, caved in this morning. The cave-in was caused by the fire which had been raging in the tunnel since yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock, when a rear-end collision occurred in the tunnel. The fire was caused by a crash between a train of the Louisville and Nashville and a train of the Copper Ridge tunnel. The fire was caused by a crash between a train of the Louisville and Nashville and a train of the Copper Ridge tunnel.

### ONE CHILD KILLED AND ONE INJURED.

Scantling Breaks and Throws Both Many Feet—Girl's Back Is Broken.

Bowling Green, Ky., April 22.—The little eight-year-old son of Mrs. J. H. Green, of this city, was killed in a most unusual way and her little five-year-old sister was badly injured when she cannot recover. An old-fashioned merry-go-round, a whirling, consisting of a long scantling working on a post in the center, had been put up for the amusement of the children.

Yesterday shortly afternoon the little girl was riding on the whirling, propelled by a boy when the scantling broke in the center, throwing them both to the ground. The larger girl's back was broken and she died instantly and the other was fearfully injured about the head and is barely alive.

## CLAN LEADER ON THE STAND

(Continued From First Page.)

a right to test the credibility of the witness. The court permitted the question on the ground that it could be used to contradict the witness, but that it should have no weight against Britton.

### James Hargis Testifies.

The name of James Hargis as the next witness was called, and there was a rustle of renewed interest in the court room. Hargis testified that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

### Attempt To Arrest Him.

The witness said that he remembered the effort of the Cockrills to arrest him, which occurred prior to the killing of John Smith. He said that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

### Curry Jett In Court.

After a short consultation the prosecution asked for a written order from Judge Parker to bring Curry Jett into court, which was granted. White, J. J. Jett, had gone for Jett. James Hargis was recalled at the request of the prosecution and asked if he had assisted in getting up a petition for the pardon of John Smith for murder. The defense objected and was sustained. He was then asked why he went on the bond of John Smith and John Abner. The witness replied that he knew the vilest and most slanderous lies had been circulated against him, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

### Jett Takes Blame.

Col. Allen resented this slur on the prosecution, but Judge Parker held that the witness had a right to give his own story. The witness was asked if he believed Smith and Abner were guilty, but objection was raised and sustained. The prosecution then asked that Ed Callahan be recalled and as he was not present a subpoena was issued for him. Jett was then led to the stand wearing his convict's stripes and testified that he was serving a life term in the penitentiary for the murder of John Smith.

### Denies Every Point.

He said: "I never sent for John Smith or John Abner to come to my store because I had no business with either of them." He said he had seen John Abner frequently "since these prosecutions were started and possibly before."

Mr. Kemper then took up his notes on the testimony of John Smith and asked him to answer the question as to whether or not he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

He was asked if he was at the second-story window of the courthouse when Cockrill was killed, but he denied it. He was then asked if anyone else was at the window when Cockrill was killed, and he answered, "I was the only one."

He was questioned about the confession he had made in the courtroom, and he denied it. He was then asked if he was at the courthouse when Cockrill was killed, and he answered, "I was the only one."

### To Assist In Fight.

Henry Hurst was then placed on the stand and asked if he did not have a conversation with Fred White in the basement of Day Brothers' store, in which White said he was asked to assist in the fight with Cockrill for ball, and the witness answered "yes."

Curry Jett was again placed on the stand and stated that he was a cousin of Jett. He was asked if he had not said that it was not Jett who went out of the courthouse ahead of him after the shooting of Cockrill. An objection was sustained and Jett was excused.

Hiram Curtis next testified that he was a Deputy Sheriff under Ed Callahan and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

The hour for adjournment being near, Col. Allen stated that the prosecution would complete its case to-morrow morning in about an hour and a half to-morrow morning.

### BRYAN CONFERS WITH BOSTON DEMOCRATS.

Boston, April 22.—In his second visit to Boston this week William Jennings Bryan held conferences to-day with several Democratic leaders, including former Gov. William D. Douglas, and later delivered an address on "Problems of City Government," at the Mayor's Club, an organization of chief magistrates of Massachusetts.

Mr. Bryan related to the tariff. Mr. Bryan left for Fall River late in the day, but will return here to-morrow, when he will be a guest of Gov. Guild at breakfast. He will make a short address at Harvard.

### ACCUSED OF SALE OF LOTTERY TICKETS.

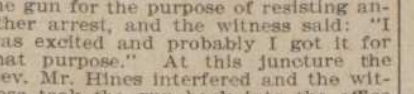
Pittsburg, Pa., April 22.—After two weeks' work on the part of three post-office inspectors, Samuel Conkle, alias J. W. Clark, who is accused of having sold a large number of tickets of the Sierra Madras Imperial Lottery Company, of Mexico, this morning was arrested to-day at his home in Chester, Va. He will be given a hearing before Mayor Frank G. Chapman to-morrow upon a charge of violating Section No. 1630 of the postal laws relating to the shipping, transmittal and sale of lottery tickets and materials between different States.

### Eight Hundred Men On Strike.

Irwin, Pa., April 22.—About 800 men employed at the Larimer coke ovens of the United States Steel Corporation went on strike to-day for a 10 per cent. increase in wages. Two hundred ovens were ready to be drawn, but were left burning by the men. The strikers, who were ordered off the company's property, immediately surrounded the plant, and police are guarding the ovens to-night.

## STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

(Business Established Sixty Years.)



### COLORED DRESS GOODS—Second Floor.

IMPORTANT SALE TO-DAY—OF—TWO EXTRA SPECIALS—IN—COLORED DRESS GOODS.

Special sale of 45 pieces—each a distinct style of Imported French Suitings—in neat stripes, checks and plaids; in colors of tan, reseda, gray and the new shades of blue; a splendid \$1.50 quality—Special Price To-day 95c yard.

Extra special sale of 35 pieces of High-class French Jumper Suitings. This is a new material and a light-weight fabric for the popular Jumper Suits; in broken checks and plaids of brown, green, tan and gray; a special \$1.25 value—Special Price 75c yard.

Princess Satins, a very durable dress lining; in all the staple shades; width 36 inches—Price 35c a yard.

SALE OF PILLOW COVERS, LAUNDRY BAGS AND TABLE COVERS.

SPECIAL—Cretone Pillow Covers, Laundry Bags and Table Covers, in very pretty floral designs; in pinks, blues and greens—Special Price 50c each.

SPECIAL SHOWING—CLUNY LACE PIECES IN ART DEPARTMENT.

## STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

(INCORPORATED.) IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.

### DELMAS AND M'PIKE VISIT DR. WAGNER.

Their Presence In Binghampton Starts Report of Change of Venue For Thaw.

Binghamton, N. Y., April 22.—Attorneys Delmas and M'Pike, of New York, who are the counsel for Harry Thaw, the guests of Dr. Charles H. Wagner, superintendent of the State Hospital, who was a prominent witness for the defense in the Thaw trial. It is believed that Mr. Delmas' coming is a preliminary step toward bringing Thaw here for a second trial. The attorneys had a conference with Justice George F. Lyon while here, and were seen by the press.

### NO CHANGE OF VENUE.

Contemplated, According To Attorneys On Both Sides of Case.

New York, April 22.—District Attorney Wm. Travers Jerome stated to-night that he had no intention of asking for a change of venue for the next trial of Harry Thaw.

There is no reason why the case should not be tried in New York," he said. "I shall certainly not ask for a change of venue and will just rest my case on the merits of the case."

Clifford W. Hartridge, of counsel for Harry Thaw, said that so far as he knew no movement was contemplated looking toward holding the second Thaw trial at Binghamton. He expressed the opinion that Thaw's second trial, like the first, would be held in New York City.

The hour for adjournment being near, Col. Allen stated that the prosecution would complete its case to-morrow morning in about an hour and a half to-morrow morning.

Curry Jett was again placed on the stand and stated that he was a cousin of Jett. He was asked if he had not said that it was not Jett who went out of the courthouse ahead of him after the shooting of Cockrill. An objection was sustained and Jett was excused.

Hiram Curtis next testified that he was a Deputy Sheriff under Ed Callahan and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county, and that he had been a member of the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Breathitt county.

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# Courier-Journal.

—Published—  
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

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Communications.

All communications should be addressed  
to the Courier-Journal and not to individual  
editors. If writers who submit MSS. for  
publication wish to have their names  
returned, they must in all cases send  
them to the Editor, with return postage  
MSS., but return postage must be  
included.

TEN PAGES

TUESDAY.....APRIL 23, 1907

"Business."

Monday Evening, April 22.—The New  
York stock market opened generally higher,  
and was strong throughout the session.

Money on call was easy at 1 1/2 to 2 1/2  
per cent, ruling at 3 1/4. Time loans were  
steady and dull at 2 1/2 to 3. Sterling  
exchange was strong.

The Chicago wheat market closed  
weak, the July option being 1/4c lower.  
Corn was down 1/4c. Oats were 1/4c  
higher.

The cotton market was easy, prices  
sagging 8 to 9 points below Saturday's  
close.

The Chicago cattle market was steady  
to a shade higher. The hog and sheep  
markets were steady.

Private Disarmament.

According to the New York Globe  
"private disarmament" in New York  
is progressing in an encouraging  
manner, and the police are confident of  
finally disarming the Tenderloin and  
the East Side. One man has been  
sentenced to the penitentiary for carrying  
brass knuckles, and this, according to  
the Globe, is more likely to stop the  
practice than 1,000 \$2 fines and sermon  
with each.

If all the pistols, knives, brass  
knuckles and loaded clubs "worn"  
nightly in New York could be cap-  
tured at one time it would doubtless be  
proved that New York has as many  
tightly carried weapons as any section  
of the United States of equal popu-  
lation. The East and North have al-  
ways had a grossly exaggerated idea  
of the prevalence of "pistol toting" in  
the South and West, just as they have  
had an exaggerated idea of intemper-  
ance in Kentucky. It is noticeable  
that there are frequent fringes in the  
Tenderloin cases in New York in which  
pistols are used, and the pistol users  
are by no means always foreigners or  
Westerners. Wherever there is an oc-  
casion to use them knives and "guns"  
are in plentiful evidence any part of  
New York, and countless homicides are  
due to the "pistol toting" habit.

The carrying of concealed weapons  
should be a felony in every State, and  
Judges, Jurors and Governors should  
realize that persons in authority who  
extend clemency to men who carry con-  
cealed weapons are, morally, access-  
ories before the fact to the crime of  
murder.

The conviction of peace officers at  
"pistol toting" the mistaken leniency  
of courts and Governors, and, in many  
States, the lack of drastic legislation  
against the custom that is the grati-  
fying of murder, combine to make the  
number of deaths by violence much  
larger than it would be if "private dis-  
armament" could be effected. And, by  
the way, while the disarmament of  
nations is apparently a contingency of  
the remote future, if not an idle dream,  
the co-operation of law makers, police  
and the courts could do much in every  
State toward bringing about the set-  
tlement of private differences without  
recourse to arms. Here is a field for the  
reformer that might be fruitful. The  
nations make war upon one another in-  
frequently, but the "pistol toters" never  
allows the sun to set upon his in-  
activity.

There Are Giants Nowadays.

When the Greeks defeated the Per-  
sians on the plains of Marathon, nearly  
2,400 years ago, some twenty feet-  
footed Attican youths were sent as run-  
ners to Athens to bear the news of  
victory. The distance was twenty-four  
and one-half miles. What time was  
made by the winner of the race is, un-  
fortunately, not known. There are more  
persons in the world to-day who know  
of the Marathon-Athens race than who  
know that Miltiades commanded the  
Greek army and that the opposing force  
followed Darius. It is altogether prob-  
able that the speed of the runner  
whose name was not handed down in  
history, was high enough to make his  
feet one of the greatest athletic achieve-  
ments of Greek history, but there is  
no good reason for believing that Thom-  
as Longboat, the Toronto Indian, who  
won the Marathon race in Boston last  
week, did not cover the twenty-five  
mile course in less time than the race  
was made from Marathon to Athens.

Events of early history are nearly al-  
ways exaggerated. The accounts we

have of the athletic feats of twenty-four  
centuries ago are practically legendary,  
since no records have been preserved  
and even the names of contestants have  
been forgotten. A man leading his fel-  
lows in a race to bear the news of vic-  
tory to the capital of his country would  
naturally be considered one of the  
wonders of the age without regard to  
the time in which he covered a given  
distance, and it is not probable that any  
accurate knowledge of the time made  
by the winner of the original Marathon-  
Athens race was ever in existence,  
especially as the affair was not, primar-  
ily, a race.

We are accustomed to exalt the her-  
oes of the past and to speak of the  
giants of those days to the disparage-  
ment of the giants we have nowadays,  
but such data as we are able to get  
do not show that men were mightier  
in medieval times or in ancient times  
than they are in 1907.

It is well known that the armor of  
the knights of the middle ages is not  
large enough to be worn by the average  
"well set up" man of to-day, and, ac-  
cording to an article published recently  
in the London Hospital, the heads of  
old Oriental sabers will not admit the  
modern English hand, the bracelets of  
the Kaffir warriors are too small for  
the average modern arm and the Ro-  
man sword handles pinch uncomfort-  
ably. Homer and Aristotle mention six  
feet as a high standard for full-grown  
men, and ancient bedsteads, doorways  
and tombs indicate that men are as  
large as they were many hundreds of  
years ago.

If men have not deteriorated in shoul-  
der breadth, height, depth of chest and  
size of arm and leg, there is no good  
reason for believing that they are not  
the equals of their earliest ancestors in  
"wind," suppleness and speed.

However supple the runners who bore  
the news of the victory of the Greeks to  
Athens, there is no evidence that they  
were men especially trained to negoti-  
ate a distance of between twenty and  
thirty miles, and it is altogether prob-  
able that Thomas Longboat, who inher-  
ited feet-footedness with his Onondaga  
blood, and whose speed has been de-  
veloped by approved modern methods,  
is the fastest long-distance runner the  
world has ever known.

Our Geological Development.

The oil development in Kentucky,  
while not marked with speculative  
features and the excitement which at-  
tends discovery of new fields or the  
bringing in of high-yielding new wells,  
is full of promise for the future. There  
are two main fields, coinciding practi-  
cally with the two coal districts, the  
eastern and the western, the former  
having an area of nearly 12,000 and the  
latter of 4,000 square miles. It is, how-  
ever, within and upon the borders of  
the former that the chief product is  
obtained. The output of Kentucky for  
1905, as shown by the last report of the  
United States Geological Survey, was  
1,200,773 barrels, being an increase of  
205,211 barrels over that of 1904. This  
development has led to the construction  
of a pipe line from the Wayne county  
oil field, near the Tennessee line, south-  
east of Louisville, to Parkersburg, W.  
Va., where the oil is refined. This dispo-  
sition of the product by this means has  
tended in a great degree to remove  
from public observation the evidences  
of such development and traffic as  
would be more manifest if the oil  
were transported to market in bar-  
rels or tanks, and refined in this State  
instead of another. Not all of the oil is  
diverted thus, however, as there is a  
prosperous refinery near Georgetown,  
with a capacity for 1,000 barrels per  
day, where oil from the Wayne field is  
refined and numerous by-products pre-  
pared for market. Farther eastward,  
in Knox county, and extending north-  
ward near the rim of the Bluegrass  
country, oil of good quality is pro-  
duced, while indications are favorable  
for much greater productiveness still  
farther eastward, but at much-in-  
creased depth.

In the southern part of the State  
the two fields approach each other  
into an almost continuous oil belt, in-  
cluding parts of Clinton, Barren, War-  
ren and Logan, although the latter are  
in the experimental stage. The latest  
discovery is in Logan county, which  
may be referred distinctly to the  
western field, the county lying on the  
southern border. There is every reason  
to expect that this field will in  
time prove a very productive one. The  
Geological Survey had begun a  
thorough examination of it and devel-  
oped many evidences of ultimate suc-  
cess in proving its richness when the  
survey was suspended in 1902, and since  
its revival, three years ago, it has had  
so much of other work needing atten-  
tion that the exploration has not been  
resumed. In the idle interval the eastern  
field, in which oil has been discov-  
ered, was exploited by private parties,  
and proved to offer sufficient reward  
for the venture. The present indications  
are, however, very favorable for the  
development of this western field,  
which offers favorable inducements to  
prospectors, for several reasons. In the  
first place, the field is penetrated by a  
good network of railroads and is bis-  
ected by Green river, with uninter-  
rupted slackwater navigation, offering  
unusual facilities for getting the yield  
to market. While but few borings have  
been made, there are evidences, favor-  
able to the existence of oil, in various  
counties, which cannot be ignored. In  
Brookridge county, there is a tar or  
asphaltum spring which was known to  
the early settlers, giving indubitable  
evidence of the existence of oil some-  
where near, just as the discovery of oil  
in California, now the largest producing  
State, was preceded by the discovery  
of similar evidence.

Another favorable indication of the  
existence of oil is found in the abun-  
dant asphaltum rock in several  
of the counties embraced in the

field. It is from this material and  
rock asphaltum that the best as-  
phaltum streets of Louisville have been  
made, and it is a fact worth noting that  
similar material is now being quar-  
ried along Green river, transported in  
barges to Pittsburg and used for street  
paving there and in Philadelphia. This  
asphaltum rock, geology tells us, is the  
Chester sandstone of the subcar-  
boniferous formation. In the utilization  
of this material for home use and  
shipment elsewhere, by rail and water,  
lies a source of wealth to the State  
not to be neglected. The same feature  
of this sand rock formation, its satur-  
ation with coal oil, which is an indica-  
tion favorable for the proximity of  
liquid oil, had long been exhibited in  
Warren and Logan counties in another  
formation. This latter is the oolitic  
Bowling Green limestone, which is more  
or less saturated and colored by petro-  
leum, as shown in the New Car-  
negie Library and the Lincoln Savings  
Bank, now under construction here,  
which, in the course of a year or two,  
will bleach out nearly white. As yet  
it has not been found sufficiently sat-  
urated for street and road construction,  
for which it is used in France and Ger-  
many and regarded better than the  
sandrock asphaltum. The United States  
Geological Survey credits Kentucky as  
the only one of all the States in which  
this material has been found, and the  
discovery of oil in Logan county, where  
the formation exists, gives good prom-  
ise that it may be found of denser sat-  
uration and more valuable as a com-  
mercial product.

One great value of a geological sur-  
vey is that its work is progressive and  
practically illimitable. Although of  
comparatively short duration, that of  
Kentucky has been invaluable to the  
State, because the result of its re-  
search is definite and reliable as a basis  
for investment and development. That  
it requires time for arriving at the  
discovery of all the valuable minerals  
and other substances is obvious, and  
was well illustrated in England when  
the last twelve months. The British  
survey has been in operation more than  
seventy-five years. Yet, notwithstanding  
the comparatively small territorial  
area, a new and valuable coal field was  
found more than a thousand feet be-  
neath the surface, where its presence  
was not suspected. And so it will be  
as it has been with us heretofore. Much  
was done by the old survey, but the  
new one has, in the matter of cement  
clays, gravels, feldspar, lead and  
barites, materials previously little re-  
garded, done a work which will  
yield the State a money value many  
hundredfold the sum necessary for its  
maintenance.

Our Trade With Mexico.

The extraordinary extent to which the  
trade between the United States and  
Mexico has already developed appears  
strikingly from an examination of the  
official figures as published by the  
United States Treasury Department.  
Thus the sum total of exports from this  
country to Mexico amounted in 1906 to  
\$1,311,874, while in 1905 they rose to  
\$2,273,845, or an increase of nearly 25  
per cent.

In a list of articles embracing forty-  
one different commodities a substantial  
increase in the exportation of 1906 over  
that of 1905 appears in all the eleven  
commodities:

Articles. 1905. 1906.

Agricultural implements.....\$25,000 \$30,000

Cattle.....607,239 840,505

Hogs.....117,045 234,949

Horses.....274,807 303,749

Sheep.....37,055 101,103

Wool.....702,854 1,146,559

Wheat.....92,305 1,038,587

Wheat flour.....263,177 318,443

Carriages and parts.....1,218,498 2,550,687

Automobiles and parts.....192,470 711,793

Coal.....375,897 1,137,880

Copper.....1,322,098 1,068,739

Cotton, unmanufactured.....2,856,733 3,232,732

Cotton cloth.....294,213 234,000

Wearing apparel.....638,500 603,304

Electric and scientific apparatus.....\$48,753 \$1,607,787

Builders' hardware, saws and tools.....1,056,144 1,079,336

Steel rails.....1,486,531 2,560,116

Textile machinery.....1,037,022 1,048,829

Electrical machinery.....1,072,802 1,048,829

Sewing machines and parts.....186,907 765,717

Steam engines and parts.....272,702 1,230,228

Typewriting machines.....329,799 372,752

Auto parts.....186,907 765,717

Boats and shoes.....1,434,902 1,444,902

Naval stores.....18,700 18,145

Creek mineral oil.....74,123 867,339

Refined oil.....250,854 1,146,559

Vegetable oils.....865,238 797,018

Paper.....568,989 656,970

Canned beef.....94,221 28,617

Tallow.....84,971 22,475

Bacon.....707,775 717,793

Flour.....123,646 99,702

Lard.....453,748 547,176

Butter.....138,257 138,570

Cheese.....40,828 45,454

Spices.....198,989 198,989

Tobacco, manufactured.....23,002 30,000

Wood, unmanufactured.....559,555 1,230,228

Lumber.....1,619,700 2,140,820

Furniture.....715,448 715,448

From this list it appears that the most  
notable change is in unmanufactured  
cotton, which shows a very striking  
decrease in 1906 due to the local cul-  
tivation of this commodity. The other  
decreases are either comparatively  
small in amount or in unimportant  
commodities, unless the article of  
wheat flour be thought an excep-  
tion, the exportation of which, in 1906,  
being \$267,177, shrank in 1905 to \$138,443.

The Mexicans need to be educated up  
to the use of wheat flour. They have  
been chiefly accustomed in the past to  
the use of corn or maize.

Outside of these eleven articles which  
show a shrinkage in imports in 1906  
there are the other thirty articles in the  
list, some of which show a very hand-  
some increase in 1906. In the export-  
ation of carriages the figures were, in  
1905, only \$121,482 and in 1906 they  
rose to \$2,550,687, an increase of a mil-  
lion and a quarter of dollars. In steel rails  
the increase is still more remarkable,  
exports having jumped from \$1,486,531  
in 1905 to \$2,560,116 in 1906. In steam  
engines, too, the increase shows nearly  
a million of dollars, or \$772,702 in 1906  
and \$1,230,228 in 1905.

In the matter of American exports to  
the Latin-American countries, Mexico  
takes 40 per cent. of the whole, or \$16,-

000,000 a year more than Cuba, nearly  
double as much as Argentina and four  
times as much as Brazil imports from  
the United States, though Brazil is the  
country that sells the United States five  
times as much as she buys here.

Raw Material For Tragedy.

Tragedies are written by fate, we are  
told by a famous critic. The plots for  
farce may be wholly fictitious, but the  
rough outlines of tragedy rarely, if  
ever, come from the imagination of the  
dramatist. They may be borrowed  
from the work of a predecessor, or  
picked up from the events of history  
or of the day, but in the final analysis  
they are from life.

No matter whether the theory is true,  
each day's events, mirrored in the ka-  
leidoscopic columns of the newspapers,  
furnish raw material that might easily  
be made into poetic drama by any of  
the master craftsmen whose contribu-  
tions to literature have been lasting  
legacies to posterity.

Out of the Orient, in the form of a  
brief news item in the Shanghai Times,  
comes a tragedy sufficiently dramatic  
and complete to constitute a plot ready  
to the hand of any modern writer of  
blank verse who feels equal to the task  
of embellishing it with appropriate  
rhetoric.

A Japanese, whose name was Ya-  
mada, deserted his wife at Osaka near-  
ly twenty years ago, when she was  
nineteen and he a year older. He went  
to Hokkaido and amassed a consider-  
able fortune. A few months after his  
absence his wife died of a broken heart.  
Six months ago a Japanese, who said  
his name was Shimizu, came to Osaka  
and fell in love with the beautiful  
daughter of a poor farmer, Saito, liv-  
ing near the city. He was successful  
in winning the girl's heart and asked  
old Saito for her hand in marriage.

There was no objection, but Saito felt  
that it was his duty to tell the pros-  
pective bridegroom the history of the  
girl. She was, he said, brought to his  
house for shelter when the deserted  
wife of Yamada died in poverty, a few  
days after the birth of her baby.

"Horror stricken at the revelation,"  
says the Shanghai Times, "Shimizu  
fled from the house. From Kyoto he  
wrote to Saito confessing that he was  
Yamada, and that he never knew the  
face of his wife or that a daughter had  
been born. He placed a part of his  
fortune to the girl's credit in an Osaka  
bank."

Apart from the physical evidences of  
its rapid resuscitation which San Fran-  
cisco exhibited on the anniversary of  
the earthquake, last week, in the way  
of new buildings and the general thrift  
of the people, the bank clearings show  
an increased volume over those of the  
same period last year, the clearings  
for March being \$2,500,000 over those of  
March, 1906. Nearly a quarter of a  
million people were rendered homeless  
and the financial loss was nearly \$500,-  
000,000. During the year \$75,000,000 has  
been spent on the work of reconstruction,  
one-third of which was furnished by  
the savings banks, which, in com-  
mon with all the other financial insti-  
tutions, withstood the disaster without  
evidence of weakness. More than \$30,-  
000,000 has been paid for labor, 50,000  
men being now employed in the build-  
ing industry, while before the fire only  
20,000 were needed. About 150 miles of  
street railway rendered valuable by  
the earthquake are now in running or-  
der. With such remarkable progress  
following the long period after the  
earthquake, when the natural paralysis  
delayed the work of reconstruction, the  
prospect seems favorable that the sec-  
ond anniversary will see the city fully  
reconstructed and entered upon a grand  
career of increased prosperity.

In justice to the record, attention is  
called to the fact that the Chicago  
Federation of Labor, referred to recent-  
ly in these columns as a labor organiza-  
tion which had the discrimination to  
refuse to denounce the President's al-  
lusions to Moyer, Heywood, et al, has  
reconsidered the matter and has adopt-  
ed resolutions of condemnation similar  
to those of other like bodies.

Chicago is not disturbed by specula-  
tions as to whether the American cen-  
tral crop will be larger than it was  
last year. It is not necessary to have  
real out-of-door wheat to gamble with,  
and as long as the glucose factories  
and the breweries hold out their  
hands to the people who they  
always be beer and pie.

The Washington Star continually  
urges that Washington should become  
a great manufacturing city, and the  
Highest Authority is quite willing to  
help if the correspondents will only be-  
lieve all they are told.

Ambassador Lelsham, who has  
placed the porte in an embarrassing  
position, although he is not trying to  
collect a bill, is regarded in European  
diplomatic circles as the eighth wonder  
of the world.

A Michigan paper asks where Judge  
James Hargis read law. He never read  
law at all, but this caused him no in-  
convenience as the law was not in use  
anywhere in Breathitt county during  
his incumbency.

It is now said that Silent Jim Smith's  
fortune is \$10,000,000 instead of \$50,000,-  
000. Generally speaking, a man must  
die before we learn how rich he isn't.

A Harmless Vice.

[From the Fall Mall Gazette.]

There has been little trouble at Han-  
well Asylum of late. Over and over again  
the telephone bell has rung, and this ques-  
tion has been put:

"Can I speak to the chief lunatic?"

These absurd inquiries annoyed the au-  
thorities, who took the necessary steps to  
locate the seeker for information.

He turned out to be a peep boy at a club  
in Piccadilly, whose hobby it was, in his  
spare moments, to ring up all sorts of per-  
sons and institutions and put to them  
grotesque queries. The boy has been dis-  
missed. But, as voices go, he was a com-  
paratively harmless one.

THE WIDE, WIDE WORLD.

A Gift Diplodocus.

[New York Tribune.]

Through the instrumentality of Jacob  
H. Schiff and Morris K. Jesup a Euro-  
pean museum will soon be in possession  
of a finely mounted and almost complete  
skeleton of that prehistoric dinosaur, the  
Diplodocus. This specimen, which has  
been found at city-animal museum of  
Natural History, in this city, will be the  
first diplodocus to visit Europe, for no  
evidence has been discovered to indicate  
that the animal ever lived there.

The Bencksen Museum, in which it is  
to be exhibited, is the new one being  
erected at Frankfort-on-the-Main. This  
museum is to have a fine foyer. Desiring  
to have a suitable center piece for this  
foyer, its officials appealed to Mr. Schiff,  
a native of Frankfort, to secure for it, if  
possible, a skeleton of the diplodocus. Mr.  
Jesup soon learned of the desires of the  
German museum, and, at his own ex-  
pense, arranged for the mounting at the  
American Museum of Natural History of a  
set of the bones of that animal found  
in the famous Saturday evening, Miss  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was

Charles Meredith Floyd Jefferson,  
Garth, Jr., George Babcock.

MISSSES.

Cornelia Anderson, Rosalie Thompson,  
Mary Brent Stewart, Elizabeth Courtney,  
New York; Lucile Hite,  
Eloise Comstock, of Sallie Robinson,  
New York; Hortense Lee, of  
Vivian Lee, of Danville;  
Anita Sheens,  
Miss Sevier Bon-Julia Mengel,  
New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Barnes will enter-  
tain at dinner on Thursday evening in  
honor of Miss Lucile Hite.

Mr. and Mrs. Grady Cary returned  
Sunday evening from Lexington, where  
they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs.  
Arthur Cary. A Lexington exchange was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was

Miss Susan Cable, Mr. and Mrs. Grady  
Cary, of Louisville, who arrived Sat-  
urday evening, were the guests of Mr.  
and Mrs. Grady Cary. A Lexington exchange was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was

Miss Margaret, of Lexington, who arrived  
Saturday evening, were the guests of Mr.  
and Mrs. Grady Cary. A Lexington exchange was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
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Saturday evening, were the guests of Mr.  
and Mrs. Grady Cary. A Lexington exchange was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was  
Cary, a Lexington exchange, was



















low the close of Saturday. The day was as follows:

The Third National Bank

value) \$1,420,000.

3 per cent. interest on savings deposits.  
\$1 will open an account with us.

**THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK,**  
CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS.

ons were as follows: Con-	New No. 3 white.....
3-18; do for the account	New No. 3 mixed.....
	Game

**Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.**

Mines 6½; Reading 55½; BACON—Clear rib

## INVESTMENT BONDS.

the receipt of a reduction  
of Germany's rate of dis-

that one peculiar thing in finance is that so many men will work for years to obtain money and when successful will invest their savings in properties they have never seen, of which they know little and which are managed by men they know nothing about.

Under these conditions, the great majority of stocks are bought by the public. We do not recommend stocks, as they are very uncertain, both as to market value and intrinsic worth, but the bonds we recommend are carefully examined into and we are sure to buy them ourselves.

**Illinois Life Building.** **L. H. McHENRY & CO.,**

Account. Exchange on Lon-	GALVANIZED WI
cks.	100 lbs.
	BARRED WIRE

**BUY BONDS NOW.**

Believing the turn has been reached in the Bond market, I recommend the purchase of first-class Bonds. I will furnish on application a list of Bonds yielding from 5 to 7 per cent, which I think will show a large profit in a few months.

**JOHN L. DUNLAP**

9,685	261,200	57,600	308,550	
5,100	10,200	1,000	1,200	Middling 11c; strict

**UNION COMMISSION CO.**  
A. G. McCAMPBELL, Manager.  
**STOCKS, COTTON,**  
**GRAIN AND PROVISIONS**

8,000	106,475	98,000	257,610	54c; young chickens
.....	42,140	.....	6,702	10c; turkeys 10@13c;

**SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK.**  
*Security—Liberality—Courtesy.*

200 .....	5,905	<b>VEGETABLES—</b>
		per crate; Northern
		\$1.25 per bushel; S

opened firm but quiet. A further increase in the price of raw silk was reported. The duplicate demand for dress goods is larger. A better demand is reported for wide skirt cloths for next year's delivery and the Southern mills are making caricatures quite freely. Men's wear is good, continue slow. The retail and jobbing trade was helped by the advent of warmer

## FINANCIAL.

**Washington Flexner & Co.**

Members Louisville Stock Exchange.

per bbl.; Louisville cement	strawberries \$3.00@3.
line 85c per bbl.; plaster	nessed strawberries \$

**SIVIL BROS.**

Private Wires to All Markets.

450 W. MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

**BUY COLUMBUS,**  
**DELAWARE and**

vet 50; sun-dried peaches years ago to-day. The tendance of buyers o

**Oil Quotations.**  
Oil City, April 22.—Credit balances \$1.78; runs 250,812 bbls., average 142,327; shipments 100,805, average 119,805.

**Visible Supply of Grain.**  
New York, April 22.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, April 20, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat 11,187,000 bushels, increase 308,000; corn 1,000,000 bushels, increase 100,000; rye 1,000,000 bushels, increase 100,000; barley 1,000,000 bushels, increase 100,000; oats 1,000,000 bushels, increase 100,000.

\$4.50; straights \$4.50; fam-  
es \$4; winter patents \$4.50

**St. Louis Wool.**  
St. Louis, April 22.—Wool steady, medium grades, combing and clothing, 22 1/2c; light 20 1/2c; heavy 15 1/2c; tub-washed 20 1/2c.

**Elgin Butter.**  
Elgin, April 22.—Butter firm at 35c, an ad-

30; timothy, No. 1 \$21; No. 2	good local and shipped
baled hay; hay from store	to-day, and the market
	the line: selected 12

**Liverpool Grain.**  
Liverpool, April 22.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red winter wheat 8 3/4; No. 1 California 9 1/4; futures 8 1/2 to 8 3/4; May 8 1/2; July 8 1/2; September 8 1/2; mixed, new 4 1/2; do old 4 1/2; futures steady; May 4 1/2; July 4 1/2; September 4 1/2.

In car lots: Bran \$22.50;  
es are \$1.50 per ton higher

Foreign Murder Suspect Lands In  
Clutches of the Immigration  
Officials.

New York, April 22.—Enrico Alfano,  
an Italian, who is charged with the murder of  
a man in Italy, of the secret and

lard oil, winter strained  
55c; No. 1 57c; No. 2 55c;

during a police raid in Eastside, today was turned over to the immigration authorities by whom he will be deported to Italy. Affano was taken from the country shortly after the mysterious murder of one Cuccolo and his wife, crimes of which Affano and other workers in the estate of the Cuccolos are accused. Fear of Cuccolo's ascendancy in power in the Camorra is menacing.

broken 4c per lb.; fancy

brought into the Tomba Court on the charge of murder. The case was held until to-day, pending the arrival of legal documents from Italy, but meantime the Italian detectives in charge of the arrest waited outside the court for the immigration officials. The presiding Judge considered it unlikely that Alfano could be held on the homicide complaint in the absence of the extradition papers from abroad.

5% c; No. 2 sc.	Bucks .....
SS—Discounts are now as	Choice shipping lam
	Good butcher lambs

and was discharged the murder com-  
plaint, but was immediately turned  
over to the Federal authorities and  
moved to Ellis Island, Commissioner  
of Immigration Witchorn said he would  
be deported within a few days.

◆◆◆

**FOUR CHILDREN BURN  
TO DEATH IN HOME**

7.00 No. 3.....	4.80	90 lbs. and up seller
		roughs \$6. Market
		cleared

Fulton, Ky., April 22.—Trapped in their own home, two boys and two girls, children of John Haddad, a Syrian, were burned to death at East Fulton Sunday night. The children were all under six years old. The mother and the children were asleep about 8 o'clock when the house caught fire from the stove.



**Elbee**  
LEVY BROS.

The Label Stands For "Finest Ready-to-Wear, Look For It, Buy On It, And Hold Us Responsible."

Among the new things in Elbee suits—things just brought out in the East, and shown by us exclusively—are the Gun Club Checks.

Black-and-brown and green-and-brown combinations; in fine worsteds and velours. Single or double-breasted coats, with vented or closed backs, long roll collars, buttons set close together; some silk-lined; full-peg or semi-peg trousers; \$20 to \$35.

## Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1907

### MISS PATTY THUM

will conduct outdoor sketching classes in drawing and oil and water-color painting during the months of May and June on Tuesdays and Saturdays. Applications for membership received during April from 2 to 4 p. m. daily at her studio, 1512 Sixth.

### NEW WORDS

Written into Ordinance Copy Held To Invalidate It.

MEASURE SEEKS TO COMPEL REDUCED FARES.

COUNCILMAN FISHER WILL MAKE IT OVER.

### CROSSING GATES FAVORED.

Because three words in the ordinance requiring the Louisville Railway Company to sell six tickets for a quarter and to make still further concessions to the laboring class of people during certain hours of the day had been scratched out and rewritten, the ordinance was held to be invalid. The ordinance was introduced yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the lower board of the city and was held to be invalid. For that reason the ordinance was not considered. Councilman Fisher, who introduced the ordinance, was requested to have another prepared. He promised to do so, and said yesterday afternoon that he would have it ready for introduction at the meeting of the General Council to be held to-night.

Before the members of the committee discovered the alleged fraud, they had heard that George Miller, clerk of the upper board, read it. Following this, the ordinance was held to be invalid. The ordinance was introduced yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the lower board of the city and was held to be invalid. For that reason the ordinance was not considered. Councilman Fisher, who introduced the ordinance, was requested to have another prepared. He promised to do so, and said yesterday afternoon that he would have it ready for introduction at the meeting of the General Council to be held to-night.

When the committee took up for consideration the ordinance requiring the Louisville Railway Company to place gates at railroad crossings, the ordinance was held to be invalid. The ordinance was introduced yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the lower board of the city and was held to be invalid. For that reason the ordinance was not considered. Councilman Fisher, who introduced the ordinance, was requested to have another prepared. He promised to do so, and said yesterday afternoon that he would have it ready for introduction at the meeting of the General Council to be held to-night.

### HIS FINAL HEARING.

DR. SMOCK TO ANSWER TO NEGLECT OF DUTY CHARGES.

Complaint Against Him Said To Have Been Due To Personal Malice—Investigation Continues.

Dr. B. W. Smock, County Health Officer, against whom charges of neglect of duty are pending, will give his final hearing in the case before a committee from the Fiscal Court this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of Dr. Smock allege that there is animus in the charges that have been made against him. At a previous hearing of the charges several dairymen testified that since the filing of the charges against Dr. Smock, he had made frequent visits of inspection to their dairies, but that previous to the charges he had visited only once or twice in two or three years. Dr. Smock will be given an opportunity to refute these charges this afternoon.

Further inspection of Jefferson county dairies will not be made until after the hearing in the case before the Fiscal Court this afternoon. The probabilities are that the inspection will be resumed to-morrow morning, however. Dr. M. K. Allen, City Health Officer, said yesterday afternoon that he feared some people had gained the impression that all milk now produced in Jefferson county and sold here is absolutely pure.

"We have been let after the dairymen for some time," he said, "and believe we have accomplished good, but it will not do for the people to relax and feel that the light for pure milk has already been won. We want them to continue to watch the milk supplied them, and when they find a defective can, to report it to the health officer. We would like for them to report the matter to this office."

## FROM WINDOWS

Witnesses Spit Upon People's Heads Below.

BOTH HELD IN CONTEMPT OF COURT AND FINED.

BOSS MURDER CASE CONTINUED BY COMMONWEALTH.

SET THIS TIME FOR MAY 15.

Judge Charles A. Wilson yesterday imposed a fine of \$3 upon each of Virgil Clifford and Lee M. Stuebel for spitting out of the window of the third floor of the courthouse annex down on Court Place, which was at the time crowded with pedestrians. While engaged in a trial Judge Wilson happened to glance through the window of his court room and could see M. Stuebel and Clifford amusing themselves spitting out of the window and dodging back when they appeared to be attracting attention below.

In his view Judge Wilson said that such conduct was contempt of court and they were present as witnesses in the case of R. C. Hagerman against Joseph Stuebel for \$30, the value of a horse which the plaintiff alleged was stolen from him, but which he alleged Stuebel wrongfully took. Hagerman alleged that he left the horse at the hay market and when he returned some minutes later he saw it disappearing around a distant corner. He followed and found the animal at the stable of Joe Stuebel. Stuebel told him that he had bought the horse from a man named Gans for \$30. Stuebel denied that Hagerman had any interest in the horse. Magistrate Hoffman had denied the case for Stuebel, but Judge Wilson gave judgment for the plaintiff for the full amount.

### Boss Murder Case Passed.

When called for trial in the Criminal Court yesterday the case of Mrs. Barbara Boss charged with the murder of her husband Ferdinand Boss, by pouring gasoline over his clothing and lighting a match to him the Commonwealth was not ready to proceed on account of absent witnesses and a purchase until May 15 was ordered. Mrs. Mollie Nutter and Mrs. William Hummel failed to answer to their names and the Commonwealth took the position that it would be impossible to proceed without them. Aaron Kohn, counsel for Mrs. Boss, said that the defendant was ready for trial, and that he was anxious to go into it immediately. He asked for an attachment for the absentees to compel their attendance next time. Mrs. Hummel is at her home in Jeffersontown, where the killing occurred.

### Factory Whistles Threaten Him.

Factor Koehler, who says that whenever the factory whistles blow they tell him that someone is going to kill him, was found insane in the Criminal Court yesterday and sent to Central Asylum. He is a native of Switzerland and forty-five years of age. He was apprehended last Friday on the farm of J. J. McCallister. Illness during the last two weeks had caused him to believe that the whistles were blowing to kill him. He was declared insane in the Criminal Court yesterday and sent to Central Asylum.

### Court Paragraphs.

Dr. Dudley S. Reynolds sued L. B. Buckner for \$100 alleged due for services. The Louisville Title Company sued the Stolz Lumber Company for \$70.33 alleged due on a fee. Myrtle Smith sued J. E. Smith for divorce, charging cruelty. They were married in 1903.

### Edward McGinnis sued John Diebold & Sons and others for \$15,000.

He was hurt while in the defendants' employ at the Louisville Railway Company.

### Hugh M. Glendon sued the administrator of Henry L. Cooper and others for \$300 on account of services to the deceased.

The grand jury returned an indictment charging malicious assault against Henry Thompson and adjourned until this morning.

### C. K. Rhodes sued the Illinois Central Railroad Company and others for \$10,000.

He was injured by falling into an excavation.

### A jury Judge Gordon's court found a verdict for \$500 against the Louisville Railway Company.

She was injured in a collision between her wagon and a car.

### The Fidelity Trust Company as executor of the estate of Belle B. Lee, confessed judgment for back taxes of \$1,800 for two years and \$15.00 for three years.

In the case of Henry Albert against the Louisville Railway Company a jury in Judge O'Doherty's court gave the plaintiff \$75. He had been injured in a collision between his wagon and a car.

### FUNERAL SERVICES FOR MRS. EDITH H. SALSMAN.

The body of Mrs. Edith H. Salsman, of 1201 West Main street, who died Sunday morning from the effects of an overdose of morphine, was buried yesterday afternoon in Eastern cemetery after funeral services which were held at the residence. Mrs. Salsman was the wife of Arthur Salsman, an electrician. Saturday she had been ill and purchased a quantity of morphine, supposedly to ease her pain. Dr. Harris Kelly, the family physician, said that death was due to an overdose of the drug, and that it was accidental. Mrs. Salsman was thirty-seven years of age, and her husband is survived by a brother, Homer Harris, of 714 Seventh street.

### CHARGES WOMAN STOLE MONEY OUT OF POCKET.

Katie Eichenberger Under Arrest Charged With Grand Larceny.

Alleged to have picked the pockets of George Schutter, a carpenter, living at 30 West street, \$2 in money. Katie Eichenberger, aged thirty-two years, was arrested by Patrolmen Hepp and Pfeiffer at Preston and Green streets yesterday morning and lodged in jail charged with grand larceny. The police are under the impression that in the arrest of this woman they have in custody the person who has been responsible for several similar cases that have occurred in the vicinity of Preston and Green streets. It is believed that she gave a fictitious name and was released to give her address or her occupation.

Schutter asserts that he went into a grocery the corner of Preston and Green streets yesterday morning in order to make some purchases. He found that he observed the woman following him, but paid no attention to her until she fastened upon him with much force. Becoming suspicious he drew his hands into his hip pocket and found that the money was missing. He turned, he said, and saw the woman walking out of the store with some money. Calling for a policeman he attracted the attention of Pfeiffer and Hepp, who placed the woman under arrest. The money was recovered.

### MISSIONARY MEETINGS AT CLIFTON BAPTIST CHURCH.

Interesting missionary meetings are being held at the Clifton Baptist church this week. Dr. W. A. Hamlett spoke last night to an appreciative audience. Dr. Lloyd T. Wilson will speak to-night at 7:45 o'clock on "The Basis of Missions."

Dr. William H. Smith, of Richmond, Va., secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, will speak to-morrow night. The Rev. W. D. Spinks, a returned missionary who spent twenty months in the heart of Africa, will speak Friday night.

### Gave Away Whisky.

His free distribution of whisky led to the arrest of R. H. Baker at the Wayside Hotel, the Salvation Army hotel, at Second and Jefferson streets, Sunday afternoon, and later caused a fine of \$15 being placed against him in the Police Court. Capt. C. S. Mosier, in charge of the hotel, was responsible for the man being taken into custody by Patrolman L. L. and Burgett. After being cited

### Paint Buying Made Safe.

White Lead and Linseed Oil need no argument, no advertising to maintain themselves as the best and most economical paint for the man. The difficulty has been for the buyer to be always sure of the purity of the white lead and oil.

We have now registered the trade mark of the Dutch Boy painter to be the final proof of quality, genuineness and purity to paint buyers everywhere. This trade mark appears on every keg of

### Phoenix Pure White Lead

made by the Old Dutch Process

SEND FOR BOOK

"A Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the paint subject. Free on request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY, Freeman Ave. and 7th St., Cincinnati, O.

For Sale By All Dealers.

## INTO INDIANA

Heads of Houses Will Move May 6 and 7.

ITINERARY FOR TRIP PREPARED BY BOARD OF TRADE.

ALL ENTRIES FOR TRIP CLOSE TO-MORROW MORNING.

EXCURSION PROMISES WELL.

Members of the Board of Trade who have not already notified Secretary John J. Telford, of the Transportation Committee, of their intention to participate in the "Heads of Houses" excursion to Southern Indiana cities on May 6-7, have until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning to reserve accommodations. After that time no more applications will be received. The merchants of the cities which it is proposed to visit are making elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the Louisville business men, who are looking forward to the trip with great pleasure, for it will be the first time they have had an opportunity of meeting their Indiana customers at home. It is believed that the excursion will be the most successful ever given by the Board of Trade.

The finest accommodations have been provided for the excursionists. There will be a train of three Pullman sleepers and baggage car, which will be well stocked with refreshments. The start will be made from Louisville at 7:30 o'clock on Monday morning, May 6. The first stop will be made at Corydon Junction, which should be reached, according to schedule, at four o'clock. Dinner will be served at Huntingtonburg at 1:45 p. m., and the first night will be spent at Vincennes, where the excursionists will be the guests of local merchants at a banquet. The excursionists will visit Frankfort, Lexington, and then return to Louisville on the second day and have dinner there. Louisville will be reached at 7:30 o'clock that night.

### Itinerary for the Trip.

Following is the itinerary of the trip, which, it is announced, will be subject to slight changes.

### MONDAY, MAY 6.

Lv. Louisville 7:30 a. m.  
Ar. Corydon Junction 8:30 a. m.  
Ar. Corydon 9:30 a. m.  
Ar. Corydon 10:30 a. m.  
Ar. Lexington 11:30 a. m.  
Ar. Lexington 12:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 1:45 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 2:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 3:15 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 4:15 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 5:15 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 6:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 7:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 8:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 9:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 10:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 11:30 p. m.  
Ar. Lexington 12:30 a. m.

### TUESDAY, MAY 7.

It is proposed to leave Vincennes by the B. & O. at 7:30 a. m.  
Ar. Washington 8:30 a. m.  
Ar. Washington 9:30 a. m.  
Ar. Washington 10:30 a. m.  
Ar. Washington 11:30 a. m.  
Ar. Washington 12:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 1:45 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 2:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 3:15 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 4:15 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 5:15 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 6:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 7:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 8:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 9:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 10:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 11:30 p. m.  
Ar. Washington 12:30 a. m.

### WANT MORE MONEY, TOO

EIGHT WAGON DRIVERS OF GAS COMPANY WALK OUT.

Say That Strike Followed Refusal of Demand For Increased Wages.

Eight wagon drivers in the meter department of the Louisville Gas Company went out on a strike yesterday morning because of the alleged refusal of their employers to grant them an increase in wages. A demand for higher wages has been made by the drivers, and the company officials say that in case the company officials persist in their refusal to grant their demands many other employees of the company will declare a strike and a general walk out will be the result.

The strikers declare that in other large cities where the drivers are paid \$2 a day, and they demand the same scale of wages here. They say that they notified the company two weeks ago that if their wages were not increased they would walk out.

A. H. Barret, superintendent of the company, said yesterday that the drivers went out on a strike without warning. "The men formerly were paid \$1.75 a day," he said, "but on April 1 of this year we raised this wage to \$1.85. I am voluntarily expecting that it would allow any possible dissatisfaction among the employees. A demand for higher wages has been presented to me formally, this morning. The men wanted to be asked for the increase, and when I refused them, they quit work. I will state that the company does not intend to be bullied, and that the officials probably will stand fast in this refusal to grant the demand of the strikers."

Recently the firehouse employees and laborers struck and got an increase.

### WALL PAPERS AND DECORATIONS

Elegant in design and colorings, but not costly, at

JOHN JUSTI & SON,

555 THIRD AVE.

Near Walnut.

Home Phone 3671.

### A Few Words

about the patented gas burner used on the

### QUICK MEAL GAS RANGE

which has proven to be such a phenomenal success. The burner and mixing tube are all one casting. The burner cap rests on the burner base and can be easily removed for cleaning. The solid flame produced allows a free mixture of air and gas, and justifies our claim of using less gas than any other burner. Each burner has an adjustable regulator which permits you to regulate it according to the gas pressure. The QUICK MEAL, on account of its intensely hot flame, cooks quicker, bakes better and uses less gas than any other.

### Gehrer & Son,

217 MARKET STREET.

Near Second St.

### THE French Fancy Dye Works

(Incorporated)

Kid Gloves 50—all Sizes and Lengths

### Odorless Dry Cleaning, Fancy Dyeing, Lace Curtains Laundered

Strictly all Hand Work.

Both Phones 2788.

Bel. Chestnut and Broadway.

### First Petitioner Under

LAW SAYS HE'S BROKE AGAIN.

William Wile, Grocer, Files Appeal To Be Adjudged Bankrupt For the Second Time.

William Wile, who conducts a grocery at 621 Seventh street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday in the United States Court. The peculiar feature about the petition is that the petitioner was the first person to file a petition in bankruptcy under the existing law, which was August 1, 1898. The total amount of indebtedness of the petitioner is given at \$4,644.44, most of which is owed to merchants in Louisville for goods, ranging in amounts from \$20 down. Two notices dated the Union National Bank for \$300 and \$50 each are listed in the liabilities. No second claims are listed. The petitioner gives his assets at \$3,071.11, consisting of a stock of goods valued at \$1,620, cash \$10, open accounts \$466.11, the remainder being household goods and other utensils. The usual exemptions are claimed.

### DEMENTED MAN PROVES NOT TO BE HER LOST SON.

Mrs. Kate Tonnely, of 1244 Shelby street, yesterday afternoon in searching for her son, John Tonnely, who disappeared October 1, 1904, called at the Jefferson county jail and asked to see Jacob Koehler, who was yesterday adjudged insane, thinking that the man might possibly be her son. The woman left the jail in tears, her search having been in vain.

Since the disappearance of John Tonnely on October 1, 1904, the mother has heard but once from him, and then she merely learned that he was in Chicago. All efforts to locate him have failed. After reading the description of Koehler, Mrs. Tonnely was led to believe that the man might be her son, and visited the jail. In some ways the description of Koehler corresponds with that of the man she was looking for. Mrs. Tonnely saw the man she was looking for, and she was convinced that he was not the son of whom she was looking for.

## SENIOR BRAND College Clothes

represent the "best-for-the-money" Young Men's Garments possible at the price. They cost you less than the nearest other best.

Sold here by

Levy Bros.

Third and Market.

## KAHN, WERTHEIMER & SMITH CO.

Makers New York City

## LOW SUNDAY RATES.

Henderson Route.

Trains Leave 6:45 a. m.—8:15 a. m.

BIDS FOR CHANOINE DAM SUPPLIES OPENED TO-DAY.

Improvement For Ohio River At Falls To Be Under Supervision of Capt. Harry Burgess.

Bids for furnishing the material for the construction of the Chanoine dam in the Ohio river at this point will be opened in the office of Capt. Harry Burgess, engineer in charge of river improvements in the Louisville district, at noon to-day. It is estimated that the material will cost about \$20,000. Considerable steel and iron work will have to be built before work on the dam will be commenced. The contract for furnishing material for the dam was awarded to the Charles Hegewald Company, of New Albany, about ten days ago, for the sum of \$20,000. The construction of the two dams will be done under the supervision of Capt. Harry Burgess. He will have charge of employing all labor, both skilled and unskilled.

## WHEN YOU BUILD

USE

"Ky. Star Brand" Hardwood Flooring

KY. HARDWOOD FLOORING CO.

316 W. MARKET STREET.

## DIRECT ACTION GAS RANGE

The world's standard of merit as respects:

1. Economy of Fuel.

2. Perfection of Baking.

3. Beauty of Construction.

Let us explain to you in detail the superior qualities of this Range.

JONES & MILLER CO.

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